

FIRST INFORMATION REPORT

T.S.P.M. Orders 470,500

(Under section 173 and 176 BNSS)

1. D	istrict	Rachakonda		P.S.	Nagole		Year	2024	FIR No.	583/2024	Date	26-09-2024
2. A	cts & Sect	ion(s):	325 BNS,	11(1) PCA	AA							
3. a)	Occurren	ce of Offence	:	Day	Thursday		Date	e & Time F	rom	08-08-2024	08:00:00	
I	Date & Ti	ne To				Prior To				Time Period	i	
ł) Informa	tion Received	l at P.S.:		Date &	Time <u>26-0</u>)9-2024 17	:30:00				
(General D	iary Referenc	e:	Entry N	o <u>12</u>			Date & '	Time	26-09-2024 17	:30:00	
4. T	ype of Inf	ormation:	Writter	n								
5. Pl	ace of Oc	currence:										
8) Distance	e and Directio	on From P.S	.:	2K	M, East			Beat No.			
ł	o) Address	Place	Nagole		Area	'Mandal	•••••		Stre	eet/Village	•••••	
	City/Dis	trict Ra	chakonda			State T	elangana			PIN		
c	e) In case,	outside the li	mit of this P	Police Stat	tion, then							
ľ	Name of P	.s					Di	strict				
6. C	omplainar	nt / Informan	t:									
8	a) Name	Syed Salee	em									
ł) Father'	s /Husband's	Name		Syed Rafi							
c) Date/Y	ear of Birth						Age	41 Year	s		
Ċ	l) Nation	ality Ind										
f) Passport NoDate of IssuePlace of IssuePlace of Issue												
Ę	g) Occupa	ation					Mob	ile No.	76758986	87		
ł	ı) Addres	s H	ouse No	Colony, Clinic, c	Srinivas nagar Opp Vihaan lammaiguda,	Area/Mandal	Ke	esara		Street/Villa	ge	Dammaiguda Old village
	City/Di	strict MEI	OCHAL MAI	LKAJGIR	2I	State	e TEL	ANGANA			PIN	
7. D	etails of k	nown/suspect	ed/unknown	accused	with full par	ticulars:						
5	Serial No :	1										
8	a) Name	Instagram	page "Team	Gabbar N	agole," & Oth	ners						
ł) Father'	s /Husband's	Name									
c	e) Occupa	tion			d) Caste			e)	Gender	Male	
f) Age						lity Ind	ia				
Ę	g) Addres	s										
	House	No		Street/V	llage				Area/Mai	ndal		
	City/Di	strict				State				PIN	•••••	
ł	n) Phone(one(Resi)						
i) Email											
Phys	ical featur	es, deformitio	es and other	details of	f the Suspect	:						

S. No.	Sex	Date/Year of Birth	Build	Height (cms)	Complexion	Identification Marks(s)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1	Male						

Deformalities/ Peculiarities	Teeth	Hair	Eyes	Habbit(s)	Dress Habit(s)	Languages/ Dialect	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	

Place Of								
Burn Mark Leucoderma		Mole	Scar	Tattoo				
15	16	17	18	19				

8. Reasons for delay in reporting by the complainant / informant:

9. Particulars of properties stolen/involved (Attach separate sheet, if necessary):

10. Total value of property stolen:

11. Inquest Report/ U.D. Case

12. Contents of the complaint / statement of the complainant or informant:

IN THE COURT OF HON'BLE I ADDITIONAL JUNIOR CIVIL JUDGE-CUM-I-ADDITIONAL METROPOLITAN MAGISTRATE COURT, R.R.DISTRICT AT LB NAGAR. Honored Sir/Madam, Facts of the case are that received complaint on 26.09.2024 at 17.30 hours from the petitioner Syed Saleem S/o Syed Rafi, Age: 41 Yrs, Occ: Animal Specialists R/o: H.No: 16-10, Srinivas nagar Colony, Opp Vihaan Clinic, dammaiguda, ECIL #7675898687, 9160746782, in which she stated that on behalf of People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals (PETA) India, observing from 08-08-2024 the illegal ram fighting events being conducted by certain individuals of Nagole. These activities, documented on the Instagram page "Team Gabbar Nagole," are in blatant violation of animal- protection laws and the Hon'ble Supreme Court's order. We urge you to take immediately measures to take strict penal action against the organizers and participants by registering a FIR, seize the animals used in these events and prevent such events from being held in the future. The content creators of the Instagram page "Team Gabbar Nagole" have posted multiple videos depicting their involvement in ram fights. These videos show them engaging in activities such as force-feeding the rams to build their strength, and deliberately provoking or triggering the animals to instigate fights. The posts also include footage of the rams being forced to fight with each other. Additionally, the page features story highlights showcasing bull fights, further promoting and glorifying these illegal and cruel activities. The posts are linked below, and the screen recorded videos of these posts are available here for reference: 1. A person force-feeding a ram: https://www.instagram.com/p/C8jBUAmRskn/ 2. A person triggering a ram: https://www.instagram.com/p/C4AwoU9RBmg/, https://www.instagram.com/p/C5JDeJ5RHv6/ 3. Instigating fights: https://www.instagram.com/p/C655BxhxaTr/,https://www.instagram.com/p/C9FEr72Sg92/ 4. Bull fights story highlights: https://www.instagram.com/stories/highlights/18003000560203031/ Rams and bulls endure intense physical trauma as they engage in brutal clashes, often resulting in deep wounds, broken bones, and internal injuries. The fights are so fierce that they pose a significant risk of death for the animals, with some succumbing to fatal injuries during the fights or later due to complications. Such killing or maiming of animals is a punishable offence under Section 325 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023 which makes it a cognizable offence to kill, maim or render useless any animal, either with intention or knowledge that the act will result in maining or death of the animal. Organizing such barbaric fights amount to a clear violation of Section 62 read with 325 of the BNS - attempt to maim or kill. Furthermore, the above-mentioned actions which compromises the safety of the animals and public may be considered an offence under Sections 3(5), 291, 125, and 325 of the BNS. Section 3 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (PCA) Act, 1960 imposes a duty on persons having charge or care of animals to prevent the infliction upon such animal of unnecessary pain or suffering. Section 11(1) of the PCA defines the term "cruelty", which includes causing unnecessary pain and suffering. It is a cognizable offence under Section 11(1)(n) and (m)(ii) of the PCA to incite any animal to fight with any other animal. We'd like also to bring to your attention to the judgment dated 7 May 2014 passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India's in SLP(C) No 11686 of 2007 titled 'Animal Welfare Board of India versus A. Nagaraja' wherein the Court has held that it's the duty of the government to enforce the PCA Act, 1960, and that if the provisions of the act and the directions and declarations of the Supreme Court are not properly and effectively complied with, the government should see that disciplinary action is taken against erring officers so that the object and the purpose of the act can be achieved. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in Para 75 of this judgment further held that, "PCA Act, especially Section 3, coupled with Section 11(1)(m)(ii), as already stated, makes it an offence, if any person solely with a view to provide entertainment, incites any animal to fight. Fight can be with an animal or a human being." Also, in Para 77, direction no.5, the court directed the Animal Welfare Board of India "to ensure that the provisions of Section 11(1)(m)(ii) scrupulously followed, meaning thereby, that the person-in-charge or care of the animal shall not incite any animal to fight against a human being or another animal." In light of the above-mentioned facts and legal provisions, She request kindly to take appropriate steps to stop the persons from organizing, officiating or conducting such fights in the future and to take strict penal action against the organizers and participants of such events, including by registering an FIR under Sections 62 r/w 325, 3(5), 291 and 125 of the BNS; and Sections 3 and 11(1)(a), (m)(ii), (n) of the PCA Act, 1960; and any other relevant law(s). It is also essential that these animals used in these illegal activities are seized and rehabilitated in

accordance with the mandate and statutory responsibility under Sections 34 and 35 of the PCA Act, 1960. PETA India stands ready to support with rehabilitation of seized animals. These measures are essential to uphold legal protections for animals and to ensure that such cruel and illegal activities are stopped immediately. Thus she requested to stop the persons from organizing, officiating or conducting such fights in the future and to take strict legal action against the organizers and participants of such events. Received on 26.09.2024 at 17.30 hours As per the Contents of above petition I, V.Ramesh SIP Nagole registered a case in Cr.no.583/2024 U/s 325 BNS & sec 11 (1) of Prevention of Cruelty to animals act and took up the investigation.

13. Action taken:

	Since The above information reveals commission of offence(s) U	J/s as mentioned at item No:				••••••	
	1) Registered the case and took up the investigation or		Nar	ne	VUYYAL	A RAMESH	
	2) Directed to take up the Investigation or		Ra	nk:	SI	No.	
	3) Refused investigation due to						
	4) Transferred to P.S	District			on po	oint of jurisdiction.	
	F.I.R. read over to the complainant / informant, admitted to be and a copy given to the complainant /informant, free of cost. R.	•					
14.	Signature / Thumb impression of the complainant / informant.	Sign	nature of	Off	icer in charg	ge, Police Station	
		Nan	ne <u>VU</u>	JYYA	ALA RAMES	SH	
		Ran	ık <u>SI</u>			No	
15.	Date and time of dispatch to the court:						

To, Station House Officer, Nagole Police Station.

Subject: Complaint against illegal ram fighting in Nagole and request for immediate registration of FIR, seizure of animals

Dear Sir,

I, Syed Saleem, S/o Syed Rafi, Age: 41 Yrs, Occ: Animal Specialists R/o: H No: 16-10, Srinivas nagar Colony, Opp Vihaan Clinic, dammaiguda, ECIL. I am writing on behalf of People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals (PETA) India, the country's best known animal rights organization. I am observing from 08-08-2024 the illegal ram fighting events being conducted by certain individuals of Nagole, Ranga Reddy – 500 068. These activities, documented on the Instagram page "Team Gabbar Nagole," are in blatant violation of animal-protection laws and the Hon'ble Supreme Court's order. We urge you to take immediately measures to take strict penal action against the organizers and participants by registering a FIR, seize the animals used in these events and prevent such events from being held in the future.

The content creators of the Instagram page "Team Gabbar Nagole" have posted multiple videos depicting their involvement in ram fights. These videos show them engaging in activities such as force-feeding the rams to build their strength, and deliberately provoking or triggering the animals to instigate fights. The posts also include footage of the rams being forced to fight with each other. Additionally, the page features story highlights showcasing bull fights, further promoting and glorifying these illegal and cruel activities.

The posts are linked below, and the screen recorded videos of these posts are available here for reference:

- 1. A person force-feeding a ram: <u>https://www.instagram.com/p/C8jBUAmRskn/</u>
- 2. A person triggering a ram: <u>https://www.instagram.com/p/C4AwoU9RBmg/</u>, <u>https://www.instagram.com/p/C5JDeJ5RHv6/</u>
- 3. Instigating fights: <u>https://www.instagram.com/p/C655BxhxaTr/</u>, https://www.instagram.com/p/C9FEr72Sg92/
- 4. Bull fights story highlights: https://www.instagram.com/stories/highlights/18003000560203031/

Rams and bulls endure intense physical trauma as they engage in brutal clashes, often resulting in deep wounds, broken bones, and internal injuries. The fights are so fierce that they pose a significant risk of death for the animals, with some succumbing to fatal injuries during the fights or later due to complications. Such killing or maiming of animals is a punishable offence under Section 325 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023 which makes it a cognizable offence to kill, maim or render useless any animal, either with intention or knowledge that the act will result in maiming or death of the animal. Organising such barbaric fights amount to a clear violation of Section 62 read with 325 of the BNS – attempt to maim or kill.

Furthermore, the above-mentioned actions which compromises the safety of the animals and public may be considered an offence under Sections 3(5), 291, 125, and 325 of the BNS.

Section 3 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (PCA) Act, 1960 imposes a duty on persons having charge or care of animals to prevent the infliction upon such animal of unnecessary pain or suffering.

Section 11(1) of the PCA defines the term "cruelty", which includes causing unnecessary pain and suffering. It is a cognizable offence under Section 11(1)(n) and (m)(ii) of the PCA to incite any animal to fight with any other animal.

We'd like also to bring to your attention to the judgment dated 7 May 2014 passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India's in SLP(C) No 11686 of 2007 titled 'Animal Welfare Board of India versus A. Nagaraja' wherein the Court has held that it's the duty of the government to enforce the PCA Act, 1960, and that if the provisions of the act and the directions and declarations of the Supreme Court are not properly and effectively complied with, the government should see that disciplinary action is taken against erring officers so that the object and the purpose of the act can be achieved.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court in Para 75 of this judgement further held that, "PCA Act, especially Section 3, coupled with Section 11(1)(m)(ii), as already stated, makes it an offence, if any person solely with a view to provide entertainment, incites any animal to fight. Fight can be with an animal or a human being." Also, in Para 77, direction no. 5, the court directed the Animal Welfare Board of India "to ensure that the provisions of Section 11(1)(m)(ii)scrupulously followed, meaning thereby, that the person-in-charge or care of the animal shall not incite any animal to fight against a human being or another animal."

In light of the above-mentioned facts and legal provisions, I request that you kindly take appropriate steps to stop the persons from organizing, officiating or conducting such fights in the future and that you take strict penal action against the organizers and participants of such events, including by registering an FIR under Sections 62 r/w 325, 3(5), 291 and 125 of the BNS; and Sections 3 and 11(1)(a), (m)(ii), (n) of the PCA Act, 1960; and any other relevant law(s). It is also essential that these animals used in these illegal activities are seized and rehabilitated in accordance with the mandate and statutory responsibility under Sections 34 and 35 of the PCA Act, 1960. PETA India stands ready to support with rehabilitation of seized animals. These measures are essential to uphold legal protections for animals and to ensure that such cruel and illegal activities are stopped immediately.

I look forward to your action and response. Thank you in advance for your attention to this important matter.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me on 9324994371 or at sinchanas@petaindia.org

7675898687 Sincerely, 9160746782

Received on 26.09.2024 & 17.20 by Sinchana Subramanyan Asputhe contants of the complaint Cruelty Response Coordinator I registered a core in ceine No. 583/2024 U/S 325 BNS & sec 11(1) & prevention & cruelty

to animals ach and took up the investigation N.R.meste S